**Patient Name:** BASILE, SALVATORE

**Date of Birth:** 10/18/1978

**Date of Service:** 09/30/2022

**History of Present Illness:**  
This is a 44 year-old right hand dominant male who was involved in a motor vehicle accident on 03/02/2022 . The patient states he was the restrained driver of a vehicle which was involved in a rear end collision while stopped by a high speed vehicle causing head on collision. Patient injured Left Shoulder in the accident. The patient is here today for orthopedic evaluation. Patient has been undergoing 2 months of PT. Patient has had no injections.

The patient complains of left shoulder pain that is 10/10, with 10 being the worst, which is shooting and throbbing in nature. Left shoulder pain radiates into hands. Shoulder pain increases with lying on shoulders and pain when lifting overhead. Pain improves with medicine.

**Past Medical History:**  
Sleep apnea.

**Past Surgical History:**  
Noncontributory

**Past Accident/Injuries:**

**Daily Medications:**  
None.

**Allergies:**  
Aspirin causes hives.

**Social History:**  
Patient is not working.

**Physical Examination:**  
**Vitals:** On physical examination, the patient is 5 feet 10 inches tall, weighs 285 pounds   
**General Appearance:** Patient is a well-developed, well-nourished male in no acute distress. Awake, alert,   
and oriented x 3. Mood and affect are normal.  
**Gait and Station:** Gait is normal

**Left Shoulder:**  
Examination of the shoulder revealed no tenderness to palpation. There was no effusion. No crepitus was present. No atrophy was present. Hawkins, Neer's and Obriens tests were positive. Drop arm, and apprehension tests were negative. Range of motion Abduction 135 degrees(180 degrees normal ) Forward flexion 140 degrees(180 degrees normal ) Internal rotation 80 degrees (80 degrees normal ) External rotation 70 degrees(90 degrees normal )

**Diagnostic Imaging:**  
05/18/2022 - MRI of the left shoulder reveals para labral cyst adjacent to the posterior inferior aspect of the glenoid labrum suspicious for labral tear.

**Assessment and Plan:**  
Diagnosis: Left shoulder labral tear.  
Plan: Recommend to begin PT.

The patient’s Left Shoulder was examined   
MRI of the Left Shoulder was reviewed.   
Patient is to return to the office in 6 weeks.

Causality: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient. Patient is considered 100% temporarily disabled.  
  
In response to the required COVID-19 mandates the following precautions have been taken. Doctors and Medical Assistants wore masks and gloves; examination rooms are completely disinfected after each use. Patient was required to wear a mask. Temperature scan was administered prior to examination. No more than 10 people were permitted in the waiting room at any time as this is the max that can be achieved while still maintaining six (6) feet social distancing guidelines. Only the patient was permitted in the examination room.



**L Sean Thompson, M.D.**